BLUE RIDGE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE **BOARD OF GOVERNORS**

SERIES: General Rules 1

RULE: Discrimination, Harassment, Sexual & Domestic Misconduct, Stalking, and

Scope:

Set forth how discrimination, harassment, sexual and domestic misconduct, certain consensual amorous relationships, stalking, and retaliation will be addressed by the College.

Authority:

20 USC 1681 et. seg (Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972)

29 USC 206(d) et seq., (Equal Pay Act of 1963, as amended) and 42 U.S.C. § 2000e-2 (Lilly Ledbetter Fair Pay Act)

29 USC 621, et seq., (Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967, as amended) and 42 USC §§ 6101-6107 (Age Discrimination Act of 1975)

29 USC 701 et seq., (Rehabilitation Act of 1973); 29 USC 791 et seq., (Rehabilitation Act of 1992)

38 USC 4301 et seq., (Uniform Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994)

42 USC 1981 et seq., (Civil Rights Act of 1991)

42 USC 12101 et seq., (Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990-ADA)

42 USC 12101 et seq., (Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008) 42 USC 2000e(k) (Pregnancy Discrimination Act of 1978) and 42 USC §§ 2000gg-2000gg-6 (Pregnancy Workers Fairness Act of 2022)

42 USC 2000d-2000d-7, (Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended).

42 USC 2000e et seg., (Title VII of the U.S. Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended) 42 USC 2000ff et seq., (Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008-GINA) December 3, 2025

Approval Date: Revision History:

Effective Date: December 3, 2025Originally effective July 26, 2006 with a title of "Policy 4 Social Justice"; amended March 5, 2014 and title changed to "Rule 15.1 Social Justice – Nondiscrimination/ Antiharassment"; and amended again on September 3, 2014 and title changed to "Rule 15.1 Discrimination, Harassment, Sexual & Domestic Misconduct, Stalking, and Retaliation."

SECTION 1. Purpose

1.1 Blue Ridge Community and Technical College (College) is an equal opportunity institution and does not discriminate based on race, color, national origin, sex, pregnancy, age, disability, or religion in admission, employment, or educational programs and activities; nor does it discriminate based on genetic information in employment or employee health benefits. Faculty, staff, students, and applicants are protected from retaliation for making complaints or assisting in investigations of discrimination. Inquiries regarding the College's nondiscrimination policies may be directed to the following:

Title IX Coordinator (any of the foregoing bases except disability in educational programs and activities)

Aspen Momsa Student Access Coordinator 304-260-4380 ext 2117 AMONSMA@blueridgectc.edu

Section 504 Coordinator (for disability in educational programs and activities)

Aspen Momsa Student Access Coordinator 304-260-4380 ext 2117 AMONSMA@blueridgectc.edu

EE/OO Employment Matters

Jaime Schmidt Human Resources Manager 304-260-4380 ext 2234 jschmidt@blueridgectc.edu

SECTION 2. General Definitions

- 2.1 Complainant. Any individual that makes or files a complaint against another individual with the College or any individual that is the victim of prohibited conduct that is reported to the College.
- 2.2 Consensual amorous relationships. A mutually acceptable romantic, dating, or sexual relationship between individuals.
- 2.3 Member of the College Community. An individual engaged in any College activity or program, whether on or off campus, or any individual lawfully on College owned or leased property, including, but not limited to, any person who is a student, staff, faculty member, other College official, or a visitor.
- 2.4 Respondent. An individual accused of conduct prohibited by Section 3 of this Rule.
- 2.5 Student. An individual subject to the College's Board of Governors Rule 21.1, Student Rights and Responsibilities, and the College's Student Handbook.

SECTION 3. Defining and Recognizing Prohibited Conduct

3.1 General

The College prohibits discrimination, harassment, sexual misconduct, domestic misconduct,

stalking, and retaliation (collectively referred to as "prohibited conduct") by or against any member of the College community that occurs on College premises or in connection with a College-sponsored activity; off-campus conduct that unreasonably interferes with the educational or orderly operation of the College community, its mission, or its objectives determined by a reasonable person; and off-campus conduct that, in light of all of the facts and circumstances, would endanger the health and safety of the College community. As a result, any individual found to have committed these acts against another is subject to appropriate discipline.

- 3.1.1 To further this Rule, all members of the College community are expected to engage in conduct that meets professional standards; take appropriate action to prevent prohibited conduct; and avoid behavior that a reasonable person would construe as prohibited conduct.
- 3.1.2 Those in supervisory positions have a special responsibility to discourage prohibited conduct as well as to implement and enforce this Rule.

3.2 Discrimination

3.2.1 Discrimination is conduct based on one or more prohibited basis. Prohibited basis is an individual's race, color, national origin, sex, pregnancy, age, disability, or religion in admission, employment, or educational programs and activities or based on genetic information in employment or employee health benefits and excludes an individual from participation, denies the individual the benefits of, treats the individual differently or otherwise adversely affects a term or condition of an individual's employment, education, or participation in a College program or activity. This includes failing to provide reasonable accommodation, consistent with state and federal law, to persons with disabilities. It does not, however, include programs or activities specifically exempt by law. See, e.g., 20 U.S.C. § 1681(a) (2014)

3.3 Harassment

- 3.3.1 Harassment on a prohibited basis is a form of unlawful discrimination (see 3.2.1). (1) In educational programs and activities: (a) Quid pro quo harassment is where an employee, agent, or other person authorized by the College to provide an aid, benefit, or service under the recipient's education program or activity explicitly or impliedly conditioning the provision of such an aid, benefit, or service on a person's participation in unwelcome conduct on a prohibited basis; and (b) Hostile environment is unwelcome conduct based on a protected class that, based on the totality of the circumstances, is subjectively and objectively offensive and is so severe or pervasive that it limits or denies a person's ability to participate in or benefit from the recipient's education program or activity (i.e., creates a hostile environment). Whether a hostile environment has been created is a fact-specific inquiry. (2) In employment practices: (a) Quid pro quo harassment is unwelcome conduct on a prohibited basis that becomes unlawful where enduring the offensive conduct becomes a condition of employment or working conditions. and (b) Hostile environment the unwelcome conduct that is severe or pervasive enough to create a work environment that a reasonable person would consider intimidating, hostile, or abusive. Harassment, as defined above, may take various forms, including, but not limited to, name-calling, graphic or written statements (including the use of cell phones or the Internet), or other conduct that may be physically threatening, harmful, or humiliating. Harassment does not have to include intent to harm, be directed at a specific target, or involve repeated incidents.
- 3.3.2 Hostile environment means a situation where an individual is subjected to any conduct based on the reasons set forth in Section 3.3.1 and that conduct is sufficiently severe or pervasive and objectively offensive so as to unreasonably interfere with an individual's educational experience, work or academic performance or deny or limit the individual's ability to participate in or benefit from the College's programs, services, opportunities, or

activities.

Bullying is a form of harassment and can involve overt physical behavior or verbal, emotional, or social behaviors (e.g., excluding someone from social activities, making threats, withdrawing attention, destroying someone's reputation). Cyberbullying, or bullying through electronic technology (e.g., cell phones, computers, online/social media), can include offensive text messages or e-mails, rumors or embarrassing photos posted on social networking sites, or fake online profiles. Bullying based on an actual or perceived prohibited basis constitutes unlawful discrimination.

A hostile environment can be created by anyone involved in a college program or activity (e.g., administrators, faculty members, students, and even campus guests). Mere offensiveness is not enough to create a hostile environment. Although repeated incidents increase the likelihood that harassment has created a hostile environment, a serious incident, even if isolated, can be sufficient to create a hostile environment.

In determining whether harassment has created a hostile work environment, consideration will be made not only as to whether the conduct was unwelcomed to the person who feels harassed, but also whether a reasonable person in a similar situation would have perceived the conduct as sufficiently severe or pervasive and objectively offensive. Also, the following factors will be considered:

- 3.3.2.1 The degree to which the conduct affected one or more students' education or individual's employment;
- 3.3.2.2 The nature, scope, frequency, duration, and location of incident or incidents;
- 3.3.2.3 The identity, number, and relationships of persons involved; and
- 3.3.2.4 The nature of higher education.
- 3.3.3 In addition to hostile environment harassment, sex-based harassment includes sexual harassment and non-sexual harassment based on stereotypical notions of what is female/feminine versus male/masculine or a failure to conform to those sex stereotypes. Sexual harassment means harassment that creates a hostile environment based on sex. as defined above, and also unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, or other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature on or off campus that is sufficiently severe or pervasive when (i) submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a condition of an individual's employment or academic performance or participation in College programs or activities; or (ii) submission to or rejection of such conduct is used as the basis for employment decisions or for academic evaluation, grades, or advancement. In determining whether alleged conduct constitutes sexual harassment, consideration shall be given to the record as a whole and to the totality of the circumstances, including the nature of sexual behavior and the context in which the alleged incident(s) occurred. Sexual harassment may occur between people of the same sex or people of different sexes.

Examples of sexual harassment may include, but are not limited to, unsolicited, deliberate, or repeated touching, sexual flirtation, advances or propositions which are not welcomed and/or desired; unwelcome jokes, stories, comments, innuendos, or other sexually oriented statements which are specifically designed to embarrass or humiliate through their sexual subject matter content; unwelcome sexual communication such as graphic or degrading comments about one's gender related to personal appearance; unwelcome display of sexually explicit materials, objects or pictures in an individual's place of work or study. Importantly, these and any other examples in this Rule, are provided only for illustration purposes and all conduct must still meet the applicable definitions in the Rule before rising to the level of prohibited conduct.

3.4 Sexual Misconduct

- 3.4.1 Sexual misconduct means sexual assault and sexual exploitation, as defined below. It is a broad term used to encompass unwelcome behavior of a sexual nature that is prohibited by Title IX and the College.
- 3.4.2 Sexual assault means sexual intercourse or sexual contact that occurs without consent.
- 3.4.3 Sexual contact means any intentional touching, either directly or through clothing, of the breast, buttocks, anus or any part of the sex organs of another person, or intentional touching of any part of another person's body by the actor's sex organs.
- 3.4.4 Sexual intercourse is defined as anal, oral, or vaginal penetration, however slight, by an inanimate object or another's body part, including, but not limited to a penis, tongue, or finger.
- 3.4.5 Consent is defined as agreement, approval, or permission as to some act or purpose that is given knowingly, willingly, and voluntarily by a competent person. A person is not competent and therefore lacks the ability to consent where there is either forcible compulsion or incapacity to consent. A person is deemed incapable of consent when that person is either less than sixteen years old, mentally incapacitated, or physically unable to resist. It is important to remember that silence, by itself, cannot constitute consent. Consent to one sexual act does not constitute or imply consent to a different sexual act. Previous consent cannot imply consent to future sexual acts. Consent is required regardless of the parties' relationship status or sexual history together.
- 3.4.6 Sexual exploitation means taking sexual advantage of another person without his or her consent. Sexual advantage includes, without limitation, causing or attempting to cause the incapacitation of another person in order to gain a sexual advantage over such other person; causing the prostitution of another person; recording, photographing or transmitting identifiable images of private sexual activity and/or the intimate parts of another person; allowing third parties to observe private sexual acts; and engaging in voyeurism.

3.5 Domestic Misconduct

- 3.5.1 Domestic misconduct means domestic violence and dating violence as defined below.
- 3.5.2 Domestic violence means s (i) unlawfully and intentionally making physical contact of an insulting or provoking nature with one's family or household member(s); (ii) unlawfully and intentionally causing physical harm to one's family or household member(s); (iii) unlawfully attempting to commit a violent injury again one's family or household member(s); or (iv) unlawfully committing an act which places one's family or household member(s) in reasonable apprehension of immediately receiving a violent injury.
 - 3.5.2.1 For purposes of this section, "family or household members" means persons who: (1) are or were married to each other; (2) are or were living together as spouses; (3) are or were sexual or intimate partners; (4) are or were dating: provided, that a casual acquaintance or ordinary fraternization between persons in a business or social context does not establish a dating relationship; (5) are or were residing together in the same household; (6) have a child in common regardless of whether they have ever married or lived together; (7) have the relationships described in W. Va. Code § 48-27-204.
- 3.5.3 Dating Violence" means violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors: the length of the relationship; the type of relationship; and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

3.6 Stalking

3.6.1 Stalking means engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to (i) fear for his or her safety or the safety of others; or (ii) suffer substantial emotional distress.

3.7 Consequences & Corrective Action

Violators of this Rule are subject to appropriate disciplinary action that may include sanctions as severe as discharge of an employee, expulsion of a student in accord with the Student's Rights & Responsibilities and Student Handbook, or other action depending on the particular circumstances. In addition, prohibited conduct that constitutes a criminal law violation will be referred to the appropriate authorities for prosecution.

Furthermore, although conduct may not violate this Rule, it may still be prohibited by the College under a different Rule, divisional/departmental policy, administrative procedure or standard of behavior. Accordingly, in such cases, the College reserves the right and ability to take any necessary action.

3.8 Consensual Amorous Relationships

Although consensual amorous relationships are within the purview of individual privacy, those engaging in such relationships that occur between persons in inherently equal and closely related positions at the College or employees within the same reporting line, including those between supervisors and supervisees, must remain aware that such relationships could lead to circumstances that result in harassment or sexual or domestic misconduct. Therein, employees should remain aware that the College prohibits nepotism and fraternization to avoid conflicts of interest, appearance of favoritism, and abuse of power.

In these specific cases of consensual amorous relationships, the individuals shall notify their immediate supervisor or other appropriate administrator. The supervisor or administrator shall be responsible for making arrangements to eliminate or to mitigate any conflict of interest or other legitimate occupational interest related to employment, the consequences of which might prove detrimental to the College or to either party in the relationship. In some instances, if no suitable way to eliminate or mitigate the conflict is reasonably feasible, one or both individuals may be separated from employment at the College.

It is important to note that these types of consensual amorous relationships also may result in a hostile or offensive environment affecting other employees or students. For example, others may perceive a person involved in the consensual amorous relationship as receiving favorable treatment in employment or educational decisions and actions.

3.9 Faculty Member-Student Relationships

A faculty member is prohibited from engaging in a consensual amorous relationship with a student whom the faculty member evaluates, supervises, instructs, or advises. For purposes of this rule, "faculty" shall include all full – or part – time College personnel who teach, including administrators with faculty status.

Where there is a pre-existing consensual amorous relationship, the faculty member shall notify his or her immediate supervisor or other appropriate administrator. The supervisor or other appropriate administrator shall be responsible for making arrangements to eliminate or to mitigate any conflict, the consequences of which might prove detrimental to the College or to either party in the relationship.

SECTION 4. Complaints

4.1 Coordinator

The President of the President's designee shall appoint an administrator(s) to act as the College's Coordinator(s) to handle all complaints under this Rule, including one such individual to act as the College's Title IX Coordinator. The Coordinator(s) will oversee all complaints filed under this Rule generally and identify and address any patterns or systemic problems that arise during the review of such complaints. The Title IX Coordinator is further responsible for coordination of training, education, communications, and administration of complaint procedures for faculty, staff, students, and other members of the College community for Title IX. The coordinator may also appoint deputy coordinators to assist the College in furthering this rule and its Title IX actions.

Acting as the College's Equal Employment Opportunity/Affirmative Action (EEO/AA) Officer, the Head of HR will coordinate all employee and job applicant complaint procedures, investigation and resolution in compliance with applicable federal and state employment law. The EEO/AA Officer will also coordinate training, education, communications, and administration of such.

4.2 Filing

A complainant must be filed not later than 180 days from the date of the alleged discrimination, unless the time for filing is extended by the responsible Department or designee Any member of the College community who believes he or she has been subject to any of the prohibited conduct set forth in Section 3 may file a complaint in any manner set forth in the applicable procedure, as discussed below. If a complaint is received, it shall be forwarded to the appropriate department for investigation and disposition.

For complaints involving unlawful discrimination, harassment, or retaliation based on a protected class, the complaint must be filed no later than 180 days from the date of the last alleged adverse action unless the Title IX Coordinator, ADA/Section 504 Coordinator, or EE/OO in his or her discretion, extends the timeframe for filing.

Except for a student filing a disability-related complaint, any person may report discrimination, harassment, or retaliation on a prohibited basis, in person, by mail, by telephone, by text, or by electronic mail to:

Title IX Coordinator

Aspen Momsa Student Access Coordinator 304-260-4380 ext 2117 AMONSMA@blueridgectc.edu

A complaint alleging discrimination based on disability in the delivery of the College's programs and activities may be filed by a student in person, by email, by telephone, or by electronic mail to:

Section 504 Coordinator

Aspen Momsa
Student Access Coordinator
304-260-4380 ext 2117
AMONSMA@blueridgectc.edu

A complaint alleging discrimination regarding employment application or employment status, may be filed by an employee in person, by email, by telephone, or by electronic mail to:

EE/OO

Jaime Schmidt Human Resources Manager 304-260-4380 ext 2234 jschmidt@blueridgectc.edu Reports or complaints against the Title IX Coordinator, Section 504 Coordinator, or the EE/OO should be reported to and filed with:

Dr. Peter G. Checkovich, President 13650 Apple Harvest Drive Martinsburg, WV 25403 304-260-4380 ext 2403 amichael@blueridgectc.edu

4.3 Procedure

The President or the President's designee(s) shall formulate a complaint procedure(s) to investigate and respond to all complaints of prohibited misconduct. In all cases, complaints will be handled in such a manner so as to achieve a prompt and equitable resolution. Further, the College will take the appropriate steps to end the misconduct, prevent any further misconduct or retaliation, remedy the effects of misconduct, and eliminate any hostile environment that has been created.

If a student has been accused of prohibited conduct, the complaint will be handled pursuant to the College's Board of Governor's Rule 21.1, Student Rights and Responsibilities, and the Student Handbook.

Any investigation resulting from a complaint will be separate from and in addition to any criminal investigation that may result.

Finally, the procedure shall also include and incorporate all of the necessary and appropriate policy requirements, statements, and guidance of the Campus Sexual Violence Act provision, Section 304, of the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013, any amendments, as set forth in the College's Annual Campus Security and Fire Safety Report, or applicable guidance from the United States Department of Education, Office of Civil Rights and the White House Task Force to Protect Students from Sexual Assault.

4.4 Disclosure and Confidentiality

The College respects the privacy of those reporting prohibited conduct and will endeavor to respect requests for confidentiality to the extent permissible by law. However, the College has certain legal obligations to address this conduct and to prevent its recurrence and, as a result, cannot guarantee confidentiality to a complainant in all cases. That said, there are places where a victim can receive confidential services and the complaint procedure must identify clearly where a victim can go to receive such services without having to risk confidentiality.

4.5 Dishonest or Frivolous Complaints

If a complainant is found to have been intentionally or maliciously dishonest, reckless, or frivolous in making the allegations, the complainant shall be subject to appropriate disciplinary action up to and including termination for employees and expulsion for students.

SECTION 5. Retaliation Prohibited

- No individual may retaliate against any complainant, any person that assists a complainant in the filing of a complaint under this Rule, or a witness. Complaints of retaliation for such activities will be treated the same way as other complaints under this Rule.
- 5.2 Retaliation is a form of discrimination and means to take an adverse action against an individual or subject an individual to conduct that has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with that individual's educational experience, work or academic performance, or creates an educational experience or academic or work environment that a reasonable person would find intimidating or

hostile because of something that individual did to further this Rule, including but not limited to filing a complaint or being a witness in or supporter of or against a complaint.

SECTION 6. Academic Freedom and Accountability

- Academic freedom at the College is necessary to enable the institution to reach its goals to engage students in a challenging academic environment; create activity and innovation in all disciplines; foster diversity and inclusion; advance community engagement; and enhance the well-being and the quality of life of the Eastern Panhandle of West Virginia. Consequently, while this Rule seeks to protect members of the College community from discrimination, harassment, sexual and domestic misconduct, certain consensual amorous relationships, stalking, and retaliation, it should be read or referenced in conjunction with the West Virginia Council for Community and Technical College Education Series 9: Academic Freedom, Professional Responsibility, Promotion and Tenure; and the Faculty, Staff and/or Student Handbook(s).
- 6.2 Under the College President, the Division of Enrollment Management and Office of Human Resources, in conjunction with appropriate administrators and departments shall implement and ensure compliance with this Rule.

DISTRIBUTION LIST:

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Executive Assistant to the President
Vice President of Workforce & Engineering Technologies
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